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IHACPA

National Efficient Cost Determination 2026–27

For Australian public hospital services

March 2026

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This Determination is made by the Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority under section 131(1) of the *National Health Reform Act 2011* (Cth).

Dated 4 March 2026



Mr David Tune AO PSM
Chair



SEAL OF INDEPENDENT HEALTH
AND AGED CARE PRICING
AUTHORITY



Professor Michael Pervan
Chief Executive Officer

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1. Overview

1.1 Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority

The Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority (IHACPA) was established under the *National Health Reform Act 2011* (NHR Act) as part of the National Health Reform Agreement (NHRA) to improve health outcomes for all Australians.

By virtue of section 131(1) of the NHR Act, IHACPA is invested with the following public hospital and health care pricing and costing functions relevant to this National Efficient Cost Determination 2026–27:

- a) to determine the efficient cost for healthcare services provided by public hospitals where the services are block funded
- b) to develop and specify classification systems for health care and other services provided by public hospitals
- c) except where otherwise agreed between the Commonwealth and a state or territory – to determine the public hospital functions that are to be funded in the state or territory by the Commonwealth.

In February 2026, all Australian governments signed the Addendum to the NHRA 2026–31, which amended the public hospital financing arrangements in the NHRA for the period from 1 July 2026 to 30 June 2031.

In accordance with clause A63 of the Addendum to the NHRA 2026–31, this Determination has been developed using the parameters previously agreed upon by all Australian governments under the Addendum to the NHRA 2020–26, and will apply for funding calculations for the 2026–27 financial year. IHACPA will consider changes from the Addendum to the NHRA 2026–31 in future determinations.

This Determination is an output of the performance of those functions by the Pricing Authority. This Determination does not have any implications for IHACPA's expanded function in providing aged care costing and pricing advice.

In this Determination, 'the Pricing Authority' refers to the governing members and 'IHACPA' refers to the agency.

1.2 Data quality

Under clause I92 of the Addendum to the National Health Reform Agreement (NHRA) 2026–31, the Commonwealth and states and territories will take responsibility for the data integrity within their systems and agree to establish appropriate independent oversight mechanisms for data integrity, to provide certainty to the Australian public about the actual performance of health services.

In accordance with clause I84 of the addendum, the Pricing Authority has relied on the Local hospital networks/Public hospital establishments national minimum data set, the National Hospital Cost Data Collection and the following national minimum data sets (NMDS) and national best

endeavours data sets (NBEDS) provided by the Commonwealth and states and territories in making this Determination:

- Admitted patient care NMDS
- Admitted subacute and non-acute hospital care NBEDS
- Activity based funding: Mental health care NBEDS
- Non-admitted patient emergency department care NMDS
- Emergency service care aggregate NBEDS
- Non-admitted patient NBEDS.

The Pricing Authority has determined that the data sets are adequate to carry out its functions under the NHR Act in 2026–27.

1.3 Terminology

Although the Pricing Authority aims to use plain English to make its documents accessible to a wide audience, the subject matter of this Determination requires the use of some specialist terms. For ease of reference, the meaning of those terms is set out in a [glossary](#) available on the IHACPA website.

2. Block funding criteria

Clauses A52–A55 of the Addendum to the National Health Reform Agreement 2020–26 detail the process that the Pricing Authority is required to follow to determine the block funding criteria and amounts for block-funded hospitals:

- a) The Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority (IHACPA), in consultation with jurisdictions, develops block funding criteria and identifies whether hospital services and functions are eligible for block funding only or mixed activity-based funding (ABF) and block funding.
- b) States and territories, during the consultation period, assess their hospital functions and services against the block funding criteria and, if necessary, provide advice to IHACPA on the potential impact of the criteria.
- c) IHACPA provides the block funding criteria to the Council of Australian Governments Health Council (CHC)¹ for endorsement.
- d) CHC considers the block funding criteria proposed by IHACPA and either
 - i. endorses the recommendation; or
 - ii. requests IHACPA to refine the block funding criteria and bring it back to CHC.

States and territories provide advice to IHACPA on how their hospital services and functions meet the block funding criteria on an annual basis. For small rural and small regional hospitals, this advice can be provided once every 6 years, or more frequently at the discretion of the state or territory.

The Pricing Authority provided the following draft block funding criteria to CHC for consideration.

Public hospitals, or public hospital services, will be eligible for block funding if:

- the technical requirements for applying ABF are not able to be satisfied; or
- there is an absence of economies of scale that means some services would not be financially viable under ABF.

The Pricing Authority has also determined ‘low-volume’ thresholds that form part of the draft block funding criteria for use in 2026–27. Under these thresholds, hospitals, excluding establishments only providing community mental health care services, are eligible for block funding if:

- they are in a metropolitan area (defined as ‘major city’ in the [Australian Statistical Geography Standard \(ASGS\) Edition 3](#)) and they provide less than or equal to 1,800 admitted patient national weighted activity units (NWAU) per annum; or
- they are in a rural area (defined as all remaining areas, including ‘inner regional’, ‘outer regional’, ‘remote’ and ‘very remote’ in the ASGS) and they provide less than or equal to 3,500 total NWAU per annum.

¹ The Health Ministers’ Meeting, comprised of all Australian health ministers, has been established to consider matters previously brought to the CHC, including matters relating to the national bodies. The Health Ministers’ Meeting serves as the replacement for the CHC.

States and territories have provided IHACPA with a list of hospitals they consider eligible for block funding in 2026–27.

The Pricing Authority has determined their eligibility using the annual total NWAU, calculated using the data set specifications listed in section 1.2. These hospitals are listed at **Appendices A, B, C and D**.

Without pre-empting the decision of CHC, the Pricing Authority has applied these criteria in making this Determination.

2.1 Transitional block funding criteria for community mental health care services

ABF was implemented for community mental health care services in 2025–26. As part of this transition, the Pricing Authority has determined that block-funding eligibility will be applicable to community mental health care services delivered in 2026–27 within specified standalone hospitals and local hospital networks (LHNs).

The Pricing Authority provided the following block funding criteria for community mental health care services to CHC for consideration.

Specified standalone hospitals have been determined eligible for block funding and included in **Appendix B** if more than 70% of total community mental health phases reported under the Australian Mental Health Care Classification Version 1.1 by the establishment are delivered by specialised forensic mental health units.

Specified LHNs have been determined eligible for block funding and listed in **Appendix E** if they meet both of the following criteria:

- the LHN delivers a low volume of community mental health care services when adjusted for the geographic size of that LHN; and
- more than half of the total community mental health NWAU are delivered by community mental health establishments located in areas other than those defined as ‘major city’ localities under the ASGS.

The Pricing Authority has applied these criteria in making this Determination.

3. National Efficient Cost Determination 2026–27

3.1 National efficient cost for small rural hospitals

The Pricing Authority has determined the efficient cost of a small rural hospital to be the sum of the fixed cost component and the variable cost component.

The fixed component is determined as:

- \$3.127 million for hospitals with an annual national weighted activity unit 2025–26 (NWAU(25)) less than or equal to 187.
- \$3.127 million less 0.029% per NWAU(25) for hospitals with an annual NWAU(25) greater than 187, with an additional loading of 18.1% for ‘very remote’ hospitals.

The fixed component of the efficient cost is determined using the fixed cost base calculated for 2023–24 of \$2.455 million indexed at 8.4% per annum. This indexation rate includes an allowance to account for increases in the minimum superannuation guarantee between 2023–24 and 2025–26.

The variable component of the efficient cost is determined as \$8,003 per NWAU(25) for hospitals with an annual NWAU(25) greater than 187. This is determined using the National Efficient Price Determination 2026–27 reference cost for 2023–24 of \$6,283 indexed at 8.4% per annum.

3.2 Efficient cost for other hospitals

Other block-funded hospitals, treated separately from the ‘fixed-plus-variable’ cost model, are defined as:

- standalone hospitals providing specialist mental health services (for example, psychiatric hospitals)
- standalone major city hospitals providing specialist services (for example, mothercraft, dental and dialysis)
- other standalone hospitals.

The Pricing Authority has determined that for 2026–27, the efficient cost of these hospitals will be determined in consultation with the relevant state or territory with reference to their total in-scope reported expenditure in the Local hospital networks/Public hospital establishments national minimum data set in 2023–24. These standalone hospitals are listed at **Appendices B to D** and the total of the block funding amounts for these hospitals in each state and territory is provided in Table 1.

Table 1. Efficient cost for other hospitals

State / Territory	Standalone hospitals providing specialist mental health services	Standalone major city hospitals providing specialist services	Other standalone hospitals
NSW	\$346,979,709	\$176,296,505	N/A
Vic	\$20,323,992	N/A	N/A
Qld	\$152,457,256	\$10,019,848	\$83,882,561
SA	\$8,549,007	\$2,030,000	N/A
WA	N/A	\$20,540,172	N/A
Tas	\$47,246,382	N/A	N/A
NT	N/A	N/A	N/A
ACT	N/A	\$4,437,044	N/A

4. Safety and quality

4.1 Sentinel events

In accordance with a ministerial direction issued on 16 February 2017 under section 226 of the *National Health Reform Act 2011* (Cth) and consistent with the clause A91 of the Addendum to the National Health Reform Agreement (NHRA) 2026–31, any public hospital episode that includes a sentinel event will not be funded.

Definition

Sentinel events are a subset of adverse patient safety events that are wholly preventable and result in serious harm to, or death of, a patient.

In 2017, the Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care undertook a review of the Australian Sentinel Events List on behalf of the Australian Government and the state and territory governments. The updated Australian Sentinel Events List (Version 2.0) was endorsed by Australian health ministers in December 2018.

Version 2.0 of the Australian Sentinel Events List will be used for pricing in 2026–27. [Version 2.0 of the Australian Sentinel Events List](#), including further information on its development and specifications is available on the Commission's website.

States and territories are required to report these events to the Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority (IHACPA) and the Administrator of the National Health Funding Pool. Sentinel events will be deducted from block funding amounts. The amount to be deducted for a sentinel event will be calculated by multiplying the national efficient price for 2026–27 by the national weighted activity unit (NWAU) 2026–27 (NWAU(26)) for each episode.

4.2 Hospital acquired complications

In accordance with the Addendum to the NHRA 2020–26, the funding level for admitted acute episodes will be reduced where a hospital acquired complication (HAC) is present. Separate adjustments have been determined for each HAC. Where an episode contains multiple HACs, the HAC with the largest adjustment determines the funding adjustment.

IHACPA has determined HAC adjustments based on the parameters specified in the Addendum to the NHRA 2020–26, in accordance with clause A63 of the Addendum to the NHRA 2026–31. According to clause A90 of the Addendum to the NHRA 2026–31, absolute pricing penalties for HACs will not be applied to states and territories, and will instead be shadow priced, while the Commission is undertaking a review of the safety and quality measures as outlined in clauses D51–D55.

Definition

A HAC refers to a complication which is acquired in hospital for which clinical risk mitigation strategies may reduce (but not necessarily eliminate) the risk of that complication occurring. The list of HACs was determined by a joint working group of the Commission and IHACPA.

The HACs are as follows:

- pressure injury
- falls resulting in fracture or intracranial injury
- healthcare-associated infection
- surgical complications requiring unplanned return to theatre
- unplanned intensive care unit admission²
- respiratory complications
- venous thromboembolism
- renal failure
- gastrointestinal bleeding
- medication complications
- delirium
- incontinence
- endocrine complications
- cardiac complications
- third and fourth degree perineal laceration during delivery³
- neonatal birth trauma⁴.

[Further information on the HAC list](#), including the diagnosis codes used to identify each HAC, is available on the Commission's website.

The funding adjustment for HACs has been risk adjusted to take account of the increased predisposition of some patients to experiencing a HAC during their hospital stay and adjusts the reduction in funding accordingly.

Version 3.2 of the HAC list was used for pricing in 2025–26 and will be used in the NWAU 2025–26 (NWAU(25)) calculations specified in the National Efficient Cost Determination 2026–27.

Further information on the risk adjustment model for HACs, including the risk factors for each HAC is contained in the [Risk adjustments for hospital acquired complications technical specifications](#) on the IHACPA website.

² No funding adjustment for 'unplanned intensive care unit admission' will be applied in 2026–27 as it cannot be identified in current data sets.

³ No funding adjustment for 'third degree perineal laceration during delivery' was applied in NWAU(25) calculations.

⁴ No funding adjustment for 'neonatal birth trauma' will be applied in 2026–27 on the advice of the Commission.

4.3 Avoidable hospital readmissions

Under the Addendum to the NHRA 2020–26, IHACPA was required to develop a pricing model for avoidable hospital readmissions, for implementation by 1 July 2021.

IHACPA has determined avoidable hospital readmission adjustments based on the parameters specified in the Addendum to the NHRA 2020–26, in accordance with clause A63 of the Addendum to the NHRA 2026–31. According to clause A90 of the Addendum to the NHRA 2026–31, absolute pricing penalties for avoidable hospital readmissions will not be applied to states and territories, and will instead be shadow priced, while the Commission is undertaking a review of the safety and quality measures as outlined in clauses D51–D55.

Definition

An avoidable hospital readmission occurs when a patient has been discharged from hospital (index admission) and has a subsequent unplanned admission that is related to the index admission and was potentially preventable. Reducing avoidable hospital readmissions supports better health outcomes, improves patient safety and leads to greater efficiency in the health system.

The Commission was tasked with developing and maintaining a nationally consistent definition of avoidable hospital readmissions. The list of clinical conditions considered to be avoidable hospital readmissions was approved by the Australian Health Ministers' Advisory Council in June 2017.

The avoidable hospital readmission conditions are as follows:

- pressure injury
- infections
- surgical complications
- respiratory complications
- venous thromboembolism
- renal failure
- gastrointestinal bleeding
- medication complications
- delirium
- cardiac complications
- other (constipation, nausea and vomiting).

[Further information on the avoidable hospital readmissions list](#), including the diagnosis codes used to identify each readmission condition, is available on the Commission's website.

The funding adjustment for avoidable hospital readmissions has been risk adjusted to account for the increased predisposition of some patients to experiencing an avoidable hospital readmission during their hospital stay and adjusts the reduction in funding accordingly with use of a risk adjustment factor.

Version 3.0 of the avoidable hospital readmissions list was used for pricing in 2025–26, and will be used in the NWAU(25) calculations specified in the National Efficient Cost Determination 2026–27.

Further information on the risk adjustment model for avoidable hospital readmissions, including the risk factors for each readmission condition, is contained in the [Risk adjustments for avoidable hospital readmissions technical specifications](#) on the IHACPA website.

5. National Pricing Model Technical Specifications

5.1 Technical specifications

The detailed [National Pricing Model Technical Specifications](#) are available on the Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority's website.

6. Block-funded services

In 2026–27, the Pricing Authority has determined that the following services in activity-based funding (ABF) hospitals are eligible for block funding as the technical requirements for applying ABF are not able to be satisfied:

- teaching, training and research
- community mental health services in specified local hospital networks (LHNs)⁵
- residential mental health services⁶
- non-admitted home ventilation services (as defined by the Tier 2 Non-Admitted Services Classification Version 10.0 class 10.19)
- A17 List⁷ services not otherwise priced
- other public hospital programs⁸.

The efficient cost of these services has been determined for 2026–27 on the advice of states and territories and is detailed in **Table 2**.

Table 2. Block-funded services

State / Territory	Teaching, training and research	Community mental health	Residential mental health	Non-admitted home ventilation	A17 List	Other public hospital programs
NSW	\$1,084,598,726	\$9,821,526	N/A	\$4,076,365	N/A	\$10,197,120
Vic	\$448,633,572	\$13,403,214	\$181,499,279	\$13,455,937	\$17,614	\$88,258,196
Qld	\$520,800,290	\$25,899,566	\$76,165,334	\$21,013,405	\$10,031,052	\$16,845,358
SA	\$116,165,359	\$50,788,333	\$26,711,516	\$2,974,039	\$8,757,447	\$25,758,000
WA	\$402,713,234	\$146,687,679	\$22,959,784	\$16,772,540	N/A	\$4,034,260
Tas	\$57,586,448	N/A	\$56,004,839	\$6,038,349	N/A	N/A
NT	\$46,060,131	\$49,856,952	\$9,377,615	\$102,632	N/A	N/A
ACT	\$76,569,999	N/A	\$7,440,379	\$2,164,736	N/A	N/A

⁵ From 2025–26, non-admitted mental health services (excluding child and adolescent mental health services (CAMHS)) and non-admitted CAMHS have transitioned to ABF, with the exception of community mental health services in LHNs that deliver a low volume of community mental health services and are listed in Appendix E.

⁶ Residential mental health care services remain eligible for block funding if they meet the criteria outlined in the General List of In-Scope Public Hospital Services for 2026–27.

⁷ Under clause A108 of the Addendum to the National Health Reform Agreement 2026-31, services previously determined to be in-scope under clause A17 of the National Health Reform Agreement 2011 (the 'A17 list') are eligible to receive a Commonwealth funding contribution. These services are eligible for Commonwealth funding at the LHN listed in Appendix A of the National Efficient Price Determination 2026–27.

⁸ Programs as approved by the Pricing Authority for inclusion on the General List of In-Scope Public Hospital Services for 2026–27, including telehealth video consultations delivered by emergency departments.

6.1 High cost, highly specialised therapies

Clause A235 of the Addendum to the National Health Reform Agreement 2026–31 outlines specific arrangements for new high cost, highly specialised therapies recommended for delivery in public hospitals by the Medical Services Advisory Committee, whereby:

- They will be funded at a Commonwealth contribution rate of 50%.
- They will be exempt from the national funding cap at clause A41 for a period of 2 years from the commencement of service delivery of the new treatment.

In 2026–27, the following high cost, highly specialised therapies are recommended for delivery in public hospitals:

Kymriah® for the treatment of:

- acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in children and young adults
- diffuse large B-cell lymphoma
- primary mediastinal large B-cell lymphoma
- transformed follicular lymphoma.

Yescarta® for the treatment of:

- diffuse large B-cell lymphoma
- primary mediastinal large B-cell lymphoma
- transformed follicular lymphoma
- relapsed or refractory large B-cell lymphoma.

Qarziba® for the treatment of:

- high risk neuroblastoma.

Luxturna™ for the treatment of:

- inherited retinal dystrophies.

Tecartus® for the treatment of:

- relapsed or refractory mantle cell lymphoma
- relapsed or refractory B-precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia.

The actual number of patients treated and associated costs are reconciled by the Administrator of the National Health Funding Pool at the end of each financial year and as such, states may provide more detailed amounts to the Administrator to support funding calculations.

The indicative costs for the delivery of these high cost, highly specialised therapies have been determined for 2026–27 on the advice of states and territories. These are detailed in **Table 3**.

Table 3. High cost, highly specialised therapies

State / Territory	Amounts
NSW	\$113,648,232
Vic	\$113,322,019
Qld	\$38,722,015
SA	\$17,100,000
WA	\$9,760,383
Tas	N/A
NT	N/A
ACT	N/A

7. Back-casting

The Addendum to the National Health Reform Agreement 2026–31 specifies updates to the calculation of Commonwealth funding for the 2026–27 financial year that no longer require the use of back-casting parameters to account for the methodological changes incorporated in this Determination. The Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority will provide back-casting advice to the Administrator of the National Health Funding Pool if requested.

Appendix A – Block-funded small rural hospitals

Table 4. Block-funded small rural hospitals in 2026–27

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Balranald Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Baradine Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Barham Koondrook	Outer Regional
NSW	Barraba Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Batlow-Adelong Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Bellinger River	Inner Regional
NSW	Berrigan Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Bingara Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Blayney Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Boggabri Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Bombala Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Bonalbo	Outer Regional
NSW	Boorowa Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Bourke Multi Purpose Service	Very Remote
NSW	Braidwood Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Brewarrina Multi Purpose Service	Very Remote
NSW	Bulahdelah - Myall Lakes	Inner Regional
NSW	Canowindra	Inner Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Cobar	Remote
NSW	Collarenebri Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Condobolin	Outer Regional
NSW	Coolah Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Coolamon Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Coonabarabran	Outer Regional
NSW	Coonamble Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Cootamundra	Inner Regional
NSW	Corowa Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Crookwell	Inner Regional
NSW	Culcairn Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Delegate Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Denman Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Dorrigo Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Dunedoo Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Dungog	Inner Regional
NSW	Eugowra Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Finley	Inner Regional
NSW	Gilgandra Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Glen Innes	Inner Regional
NSW	Gloucester	Inner Regional
NSW	Goodooga	Very Remote

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Gower Wilson Multi Purpose Service	Very Remote
NSW	Grenfell Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Gulargambone Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Gulgong Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Gundagai Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Gunnedah	Outer Regional
NSW	Guyra Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Hay	Outer Regional
NSW	Henty Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Hillston Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Holbrook Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Ivanhoe Health Service	Very Remote
NSW	Jerilderie Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Junee Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Kyogle Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Lake Cargelligo Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Leeton	Outer Regional
NSW	Lightning Ridge Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Lockhart Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Manilla Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Menindee Health Service	Very Remote
NSW	Merriwa Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Molong	Inner Regional
NSW	Murrumburrah-Harden Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Murrurundi	Outer Regional
NSW	Narrabri	Outer Regional
NSW	Narrandera	Outer Regional
NSW	Narromine	Outer Regional
NSW	Nimbin Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Nyngan Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Oberon Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Pambula	Outer Regional
NSW	Peak Hill	Outer Regional
NSW	Portland	Inner Regional
NSW	Prince Albert Tenterfield	Outer Regional
NSW	Quirindi	Outer Regional
NSW	Riverlands Drug and Alcohol Centre	Inner Regional
NSW	Rylstone Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Scott Memorial Scone	Inner Regional
NSW	Temora	Outer Regional
NSW	Tibooburra Health Service	Very Remote
NSW	Tingha Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Tocumwal	Inner Regional
NSW	Tomaree Community	Inner Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Tottenham Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Trangie Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Trundle Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Tullamore Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Tumbarumba Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Tumut	Inner Regional
NSW	Urana Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Urbenville Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Vegetable Creek Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Walcha Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Walgett Multi Purpose Service	Remote
NSW	Warialda Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Warren Multi Purpose Service	Outer Regional
NSW	Wauchope	Inner Regional
NSW	Wee Waa	Outer Regional
NSW	Wellington	Outer Regional
NSW	Wentworth	Outer Regional
NSW	Werris Creek Multi Purpose Service	Inner Regional
NSW	Wilcannia Multi Purpose Service	Very Remote
NSW	Wingham	Inner Regional
NSW	Wyalong	Outer Regional
NSW	Yass	Inner Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Young	Inner Regional
Vic	Alexandra District Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	Alpine Health (Bright)	Outer Regional
Vic	Alpine Health (Mount Beauty)	Inner Regional
Vic	Alpine Health (Myrtleford)	Inner Regional
Vic	Beaufort and Skipton Health Service (Beaufort)	Inner Regional
Vic	Beaufort and Skipton Health Service (Skipton)	Inner Regional
Vic	Beechworth Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Boort District Health	Outer Regional
Vic	Casterton Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
Vic	Cobram District Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	Cohuna District Hospital	Outer Regional
Vic	Creswick District Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	Daylesford District Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	East Wimmera Health Service (Birchip)	Outer Regional
Vic	East Wimmera Health Service (Charlton)	Outer Regional
Vic	East Wimmera Health Service (Donald)	Outer Regional
Vic	East Wimmera Health Service (St Arnaud)	Outer Regional
Vic	East Wimmera Health Service (Wycheproof)	Outer Regional
Vic	Edenhope and District Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
Vic	Heathcote Health	Inner Regional
Vic	Hesse Rural Health Service (Winchelsea)	Inner Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
Vic	Heywood Rural Health	Outer Regional
Vic	Inglewood and District Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Kerang District Health	Outer Regional
Vic	Kooweerup Regional Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Kyneton District Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Lorne Community Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	Maldon Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	Mallee Track Health and Community Service (Ouyen)	Outer Regional
Vic	Mallee Track Health and Community Service (Sea Lake)	Outer Regional
Vic	Manangatang and District Hospital	Outer Regional
Vic	Mansfield District Hospital	Outer Regional
Vic	Moyne Health Services (Port Fairy)	Inner Regional
Vic	Nathalia District Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	Numurkah and District Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Omeo District Health	Outer Regional
Vic	Orbost Regional Health	Outer Regional
Vic	Otway Health (Apollo Bay)	Inner Regional
Vic	Robinvale District Health Services	Outer Regional
Vic	Rochester and Elmore District Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Rural Northwest Health (Hopetoun)	Remote
Vic	Rural Northwest Health (Warracknabeal)	Outer Regional
Vic	Seymour District Memorial Hospital	Inner Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
Vic	South Gippsland Hospital (Foster)	Inner Regional
Vic	Tallangatta Health Service	Outer Regional
Vic	Terang and Mortlake Health Service (Terang)	Inner Regional
Vic	The Kilmore and District Hospital	Inner Regional
Vic	Timboon and District Healthcare Service	Outer Regional
Vic	Upper Murray Health and Community Services (Corryong)	Outer Regional
Vic	West Wimmera Health Service (Dunmunkle)	Outer Regional
Vic	West Wimmera Health Service (Jeparit)	Outer Regional
Vic	West Wimmera Health Service (Kaniva)	Outer Regional
Vic	West Wimmera Health Service (Nhill)	Outer Regional
Vic	West Wimmera Health Service (Rainbow)	Remote
Vic	Western District Health Service (Coleraine District Health Service)	Outer Regional
Vic	Yarram and District Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Yarrawonga District Health Service	Inner Regional
Vic	Yea and District Memorial Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Alpha Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Augathella Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Babinda Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Bamaga Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Baralaba Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Barcaldine Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Biggenden Hospital	Outer Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
Qld	Biloela Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Blackall Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Blackwater Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Boonah Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Charleville Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Charters Towers Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Cherbourg Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Childers Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Chinchilla Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Clermont Hospital	Remote
Qld	Cloncurry Hospital	Remote
Qld	Collinsville Hospital	Remote
Qld	Cooktown Hospital	Remote
Qld	Cunnamulla Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Dirranbandi Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Doomadgee Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Dysart Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Eidsvold Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Esk Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Gatton Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Gayndah Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Gin Gin Hospital	Inner Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
Qld	Goondiwindi Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Gordonvale Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Herberton Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Home Hill Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Hughenden Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Inglewood Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Injune Hospital	Remote
Qld	Jandowae Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Joyce Palmer Health Service	Remote
Qld	Julia Creek Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Kilcoy Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Laidley Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Longreach Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Maleny Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Miles Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Millmerran Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Mitchell Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Monto Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Moranbah Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Mornington Island Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Mount Morgan Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Moura Hospital	Outer Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
Qld	Mundubbera Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Mungindi Hospital	Remote
Qld	Murgon Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Nanango Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Normanton Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Oakey Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Quilpie Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Richmond Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Sarina Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Springsure Hospital	Remote
Qld	St George Hospital	Remote
Qld	Stanthorpe Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Surat Hospital	Remote
Qld	Tara Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Taroom Hospital	Remote
Qld	Texas Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Theodore Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Tully Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Weipa Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Winton Hospital	Very Remote
Qld	Wondai Hospital	Outer Regional
Qld	Woorabinda Hospital	Remote

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
SA	Angaston District Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Balaklava Soldier's Memorial District Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Barmera Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Booleroo Centre District Hospital and Health Services	Outer Regional
SA	Bordertown Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Burra Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Ceduna District Health Service	Very Remote
SA	Central Yorke Peninsula Hospital (Maitland)	Outer Regional
SA	Clare Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Cleve District Hospital and Aged Care	Remote
SA	Coober Pedy Hospital and Health Service	Very Remote
SA	Cowell District Hospital and Aged Care	Remote
SA	Crystal Brook and District Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Cummins and District Memorial Hospital	Remote
SA	Elliston Hospital	Very Remote
SA	Eudunda Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Gumeracha District Soldiers' Memorial Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Hawker Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Jamestown Hospital and Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Kangaroo Island Health Service	Remote
SA	Kapunda Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Karoonda and District Soldiers' Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
SA	Kimba District Hospital and Aged Care	Remote
SA	Kingston Soldiers' Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Lameroo District Health Service	Remote
SA	Laura and District Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Loxton Hospital Complex	Outer Regional
SA	Mannum District Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Meningie and Districts Memorial Hospital and Health Services	Outer Regional
SA	Millicent and Districts Hospital and Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Mount Pleasant District Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Naracoorte Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Orroroo and District Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Penola War Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Peterborough Soldiers' Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Pinnaroo Soldiers' Memorial Hospital	Remote
SA	Port Broughton and District Hospital and Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Quorn Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Renmark Paringa District Hospital	Outer Regional
SA	Riverton District Soldiers' Memorial Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Roxby Downs Health Service	Remote
SA	Snowtown Hospital and Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Southern Yorke Peninsula Health Service (Yorketown)	Remote
SA	Strathalbyn and District Health Service	Inner Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
SA	Streaky Bay Hospital	Very Remote
SA	Tailem Bend District Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Tanunda War Memorial Hospital	Inner Regional
SA	Tumby Bay Hospital and Health Services	Remote
SA	Waikerie Health Service	Outer Regional
SA	Wudinna Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Augusta Hospital	Inner Regional
WA	Beverley Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Boddington Hospital	Inner Regional
WA	Boyup Brook Soldiers Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Bridgetown Hospital	Inner Regional
WA	Bruce Rock Memorial Hospital	Remote
WA	Carnarvon Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Collie Hospital	Inner Regional
WA	Corrigin Hospital	Remote
WA	Cunderdin Health Centre	Outer Regional
WA	Dalwallinu Hospital	Remote
WA	Denmark Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Dongara Multi Purpose Health Centre	Outer Regional
WA	Donnybrook Hospital	Inner Regional
WA	Dumbleyung Memorial Hospital	Remote
WA	Exmouth Hospital	Very Remote

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
WA	Fitzroy Crossing Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Gnowangerup Hospital	Remote
WA	Goomalling Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Halls Creek Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Harvey Hospital	Inner Regional
WA	Jurien Bay Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Kalbarri Health Centre	Remote
WA	Katanning Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Kellerberrin Memorial Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Kojonup Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Kondinin Hospital	Remote
WA	Kununoppin Hospital	Remote
WA	Lake Grace Hospital	Remote
WA	Laverton Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Leonora Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Margaret River Hospital	Inner Regional
WA	Meekatharra Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Merredin Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Moora Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Morawa Hospital	Remote
WA	Mullewa Hospital	Remote
WA	Nannup Hospital	Outer Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
WA	Narembeen Memorial Hospital	Remote
WA	Newman Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Norseman Hospital	Very Remote
WA	North Midlands Hospital	Remote
WA	Northampton Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Onslow Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Paraburdoo Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Pemberton Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Pingelly Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Plantagenet Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Quairading Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Ravensthorpe Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Roebourne Hospital	Remote
WA	Southern Cross Hospital	Remote
WA	Tom Price Hospital	Very Remote
WA	Wagin Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Warren Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Wongan Hills Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Wyalkatchem-Koorda and Districts Hospital	Outer Regional
WA	Wyndham Hospital	Very Remote
WA	York Hospital	Inner Regional
Tas	Beaconsfield District Health Service	Outer Regional

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
Tas	Campbell Town Multi Purpose Centre	Outer Regional
Tas	Deloraine District Hospital	Outer Regional
Tas	Esperance Multi Purpose Centre	Outer Regional
Tas	Flinders Island Multi Purpose Centre	Very Remote
Tas	George Town Hospital and Community Centre	Outer Regional
Tas	King Island District Hospital and Health Centre	Very Remote
Tas	May Shaw Health Centre	Remote
Tas	Midlands Multi Purpose Health Centre	Outer Regional
Tas	New Norfolk District Hospital	Inner Regional
Tas	North East Soldiers Memorial Hospital and Community Services Centre	Outer Regional
Tas	Smithton District Hospital	Outer Regional
Tas	St Helens District Hospital	Outer Regional
Tas	St Marys Health Centre	Outer Regional
Tas	Tasman Multi Purpose Centre	Outer Regional
Tas	Toosey Aged and Community Care	Inner Regional
Tas	West Coast District Hospital	Remote

Appendix B – Standalone hospitals providing specialist mental health services

Table 5. Standalone hospitals providing specialist mental health services in 2026–27

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Coral Tree Family Centre	Major City
NSW	Cumberland Hospital	Major City
NSW	Forensic Hospital	Major City
NSW	Hunter New England Residential Eating Disorders Centre	Major City
NSW	James Fletcher - Morisset	Major City
NSW	Justice Health Mental Health Service (MHS) ⁹	Major City
NSW	Kenmore Hospital	Inner Regional
NSW	Macquarie Hospital	Major City
NSW	Rivendell Child, Adolescent and Family Unit	Major City
Vic	Thomas Embling Hospital ⁹	Major City
Vic	VIFMH - Prison Health Service (MAP) ⁹	Major City
Qld	Baillie Henderson Hospital	Inner Regional
Qld	Jacaranda Place - Queensland Adolescent Extended Treatment Centre	Major City
Qld	Kirwan Rehabilitation Unit	Outer Regional
Qld	The Park - Centre For Mental Health	Major City
SA	Statewide Mental Health Service – Forensic MH ⁹	Major City
Tas	Alcohol and Drug Services Detoxification Unit (SMHS)	Inner Regional
Tas	Wilfred Lopes Centre (SMHS)	Inner Regional

⁹ Community mental health services only

Appendix C – Standalone major city hospitals providing specialist services

Table 6. Standalone major city hospitals providing specialist services in 2026–27

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
NSW	Karitane	Major City
NSW	Manly Adolescent and Young Adult Hospice	Major City
NSW	Sydney Dental	Major City
NSW	Tresillian Family Care Centre - Belmore	Major City
NSW	Westmead Centre for Oral Health	Major City
Vic	Queen Elizabeth Centre (Noble Park)	Major City
Vic	Tweddle Child & Family Health Centre (Footscray)	Major City
Qld	Ellen Barron Family Centre	Major City
SA	Torrens House	Major City
WA	Central Drug Unit (Next Step)	Major City
ACT	QEII Family Centre	Major City

Appendix D – Other standalone hospitals

Table 7. Other standalone hospitals in 2026–27

State / Territory	Hospital name	Australian Statistical Geography Standard region
Qld	Thursday Island Hospital	Very Remote

Appendix E – Rural and regional local hospital networks delivering a low volume of community mental health services

Table 8. Local hospital networks eligible for block funding for community mental health services in 2026–27

State / Territory	Local Hospital Network name
NSW	Far West NSW
Vic	Mildura Base Hospital
Qld	Central West
Qld	North West
Qld	South West
Qld	Torres and Cape
SA	Barossa Hills Fleurieu
SA	Eyre and Far North
SA	Flinders and Upper North
SA	Limestone Coast
SA	Riverland Mallee Coorong
SA	Yorke and Northern
WA	WA Country Health Service
NT	NT Regional Health Service



Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority

Eora Nation, Level 12, 1 Oxford Street
Sydney NSW 2000

Phone 02 8215 1100

Email enquiries.ihacpa@ihacpa.gov.au

www.ihacpa.gov.au