



**Instructions**

The fifth edition of ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS has been produced by the National Centre for Classification in Health from a database in an effort to improve accuracy and consistency. Consequently, errata for ICD-10-AM Tabular List, ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index, ACHI Tabular List and ACHI Alphabetic Index are produced from the same database. This has resulted in the change of format shown below. Each row represents an item/change to be made and contains the following information necessary to complete the errata item.

**Tabular/Index Entry**

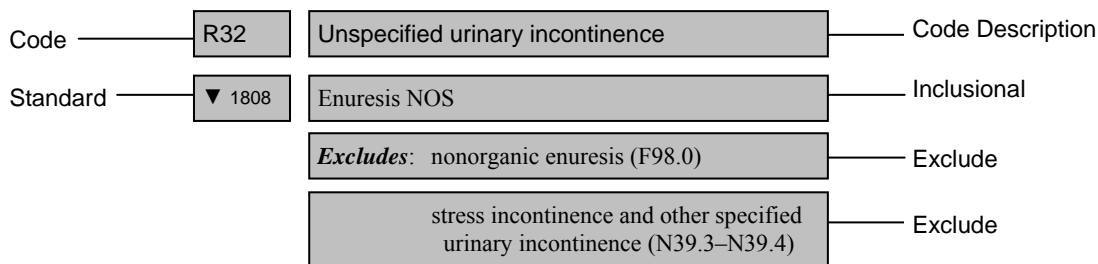
The Tabular Entry (Book:block:code) or Index Entry (Book:main term:subterm) to which the errata item applies. For example:

ICD-10-AM Tab List:R02	ICD-10-AM Tabular List, Code R02
ACHI Tab List:1886:34533-00	ACHI Tabular List, Block 1886, Code 34533-00
ACHI Index:Revision:device:urinary sphincter (artificial)	ACHI Alphabetic Index, Revision - device - - urinary sphincter (artificial)

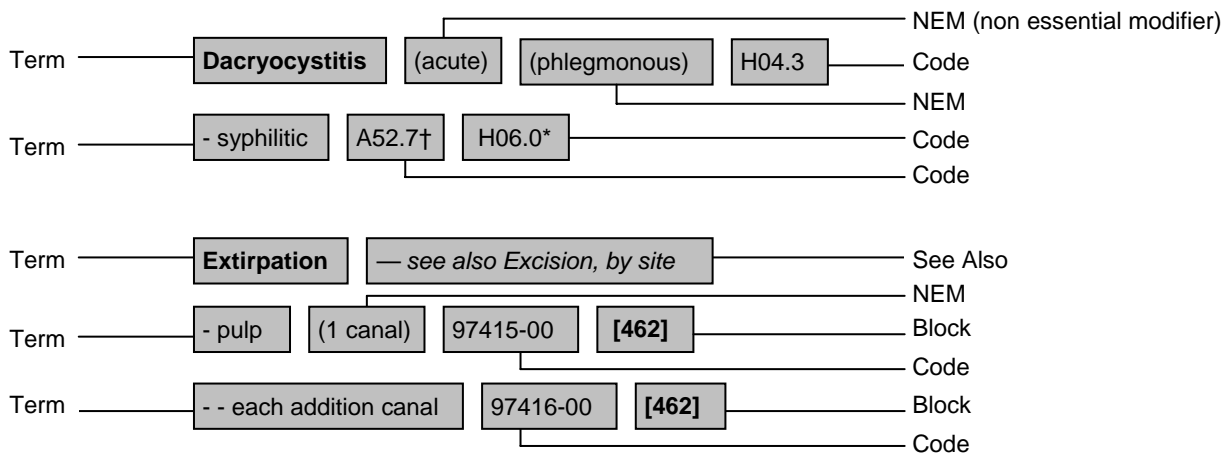
**Note Type**

The part of the Tabular or Index Entry to which the errata item applies. To use this errata, it is important to think of a Tabular Entry and an Index Entry as being composed of separate elements as shown in the examples below.

**Tabular Entry**



**Index Entry**



**Instruction**

Type of change to be made. For example:

Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Index:Gangrene, gangrenous:with diabetes:and peripheral angiopathy	Term	Add		- - - and foot ulcer
Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ACHI Index:Revision:device:port, implantable vascular access	Term	Delete*	- - port, implantable vascular access	

indicates a term to be added at:  
**Gangrene**  
 - with diabetes  
 - - and peripheral angiopathy  
 - - - and foot ulcer

indicates a term to be deleted at:  
**Revision**  
 - device  
 - - port, implantable vascular access

\*A 'Delete' instruction followed by an asterisk (\*) indicates that there are subterms to be deleted as a result of this deletion. In the example given above, subterms and notes to be consequently deleted are:

- - - for infusion of agents via catheter
- - - central venous (CVC) 34530-00 [766]
- - - spinal 39126-00 [56]
- - - venous 34530-00 [766]

It should be assumed that if a Tabular 'Code' or an Index 'Term' is deleted, all its accompanying notes ('Code Description', 'Include', 'Exclude', 'NEM', 'Code', 'Block', 'See Also', etc) need to be deleted.

**Existing Value**

The text of the entry before the errata change. For an 'Add' instruction, this field will be blank.

**New Value**

The text of the entry after the errata change. For a 'Delete' instruction, this field will be blank.



Code or term to which the change applies

Part of the code/term to which the change applies

Type of change to be made

Text before making the change

Text after making the change

Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Tab List:I60	Standard No	Add		▼0604
ICD-10-AM Tab List:I61	Standard No	Add		▼0604
ICD-10-AM Tab List:I62	Standard No	Add		▼0604
ICD-10-AM Tab List:I63	Standard No	Add		▼0604
ICD-10-AM Tab List:J09	Inclusion	Add		Influenza caused by influenza viruses that normally infect only birds and, less commonly, other animals.
ICD-10-AM Tab List:J09	Code	Revise	Remove black box, code is valid at three characters	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:J18	Standard No	Add		▼1004
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Q23.3	Code	Revise	Remove grey box, code is valid at four characters	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:S91.82	Code first	Revise	<i>Code first the dislocation (S93.0-S93.3).</i>	<i>Code first the dislocation (S93.0-S93.3-).</i>
ICD-10-AM Tab List:S93	Use additional	Revise	<i>Use additional open wound code S91.82 with subcategories S93.0-S93.3 to identify an open dislocation [open wound communicating with a dislocation]</i>	<i>Use additional open wound code S91.82 with subcategories S93.0-S93.3- to identify an open dislocation [open wound communicating with a dislocation]</i>
ICD-10-AM Tab List:W80	Excludes	Delete duplicate excludes notes	<i>Excludes:</i> obstruction of oesophagus by foreign body without mention of asphyxia or obstruction of respiratory tract (W44) obstruction of oesophagus by foreign body without mention of asphyxia or obstruction of respiratory tract (W44)	<i>Excludes:</i> obstruction of oesophagus by foreign body without mention of asphyxia or obstruction of respiratory tract (W44)
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Y92 – Y98	Footnote	Delete	Assign also the place of occurrence (Y92.-)	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Y92.29	Inclusion	Delete	post office	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Y92.53	Inclusion	Revise	Dance club (hall)	Dance club
ICD-10-AM Index:Arthritis, arthritic (acute) (chronic) (subacute):pyogenic or pyemic (any site)	Term	Revise	- pyogenic or pyemic (any site)	- pyogenic or pyaemic (any site)
ICD-10-AM Index:Delivery (single):complicated (by):embolism (pulmonary):pyemic	Term	Revise	- - - pyemic	- - - pyaemic
ICD-10-AM Index:Diabetes, diabetic (controlled) (mellitus): with: detachment, traction, retina	NEM	Revise	- - detachment, traction, retina	- - detachment (traction) retina
ICD-10-AM Index:Embolism (septic):obstetric (pulmonary):pyemic	Term	Revise	- - pyemic	- - pyaemic

ICD-10-AM Index:Labour – <i>see also Delivery</i> :early onset:with delivery (preterm)	Term	Add		- - - term
ICD-10-AM Index:Labour – <i>see also Delivery</i> :early onset:with delivery (preterm):term	Code	Add		O60.2
ICD-10-AM Index:Labour – <i>see also Delivery</i> :premature or preterm: with delivery	Term	Add		- - - term
ICD-10-AM Index:Labour – <i>see also Delivery</i> :premature or preterm: with delivery:term	Code	Add		O60.2
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Pedestrian on foot	Code	Revise	V80.1	V80.1 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Pedestrian conveyance other than foot	Code	Revise	V80.1	V80.1 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Pedal cycle	Code	Revise	V80.2	V80.2 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Two- or three-wheeled motor vehicle	Code	Revise	V80.3	V80.3 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Car(automobile), pick-up truck or van	Code	Revise	V80.4	V80.4 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Heavy transport vehicle or bus (coach)	Code	Revise	V80.4	V80.4 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Other motor vehicle	Code	Revise	V80.5	V80.5 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Railway train or vehicle	Code	Revise	V80.6	V80.6 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Other nonmotor vehicle including animal-drawn vehicle	Code	Revise	V80.7	V80.7 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Fixed or stationary object	Code	Revise	V80.8	V80.8 <sub>2</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: occupant of: animal-drawn vehicle (or animal rider): Other or unspecified transport accident	Code	Revise	V80.9	V80.9 <sub>2</sub>

ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Contact (accidental):with:sharp object:needle (hypodermic)	NEM	Delete	- - - needle (hypodermic)	- - - needle
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Contact (accidental):with:sharp object:needle	Term	Add		- - - - hypodermic
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Contact (accidental):with:sharp object:needle:hypodermic	Code	Add		W46
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Contact (accidental):with:sharp object:needle:intentional	Term	Add one dash	- - - - intentional	- - - - - intentional
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Contact (accidental):with:sharp object:needle:intentional:homicide	Term	Add one dash	- - - - - homicide	- - - - - homicide
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Contact (accidental):with:sharp object:needle:intentional:purposeful, suicide	Term	Add one dash	- - - - - purposeful, suicide	- - - - - purposeful, suicide
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Contact (accidental):with:sharp object:needle:undetermined intent	Term	Add one dash	- - - - undetermined intent	- - - - undetermined intent
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Place of occurrence of external cause: post office	Code	Revise	Y92.29	Y92.50
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Place of occurrence of external cause: water: bank	Code	Revise	Y92.84	Y92.83
ACHI Tab List:670	Excludes	Revise	with artherectomy of coronary artery	with atherectomy of coronary artery
ACHI Tab List:671	Excludes	Revise	with artherectomy of coronary artery	with atherectomy of coronary artery
ACHI Index:Debridement:root canal (1 canal)	Term	Revise	- root canal (1 canal)	- root canal (1 canal) (first canal)
ACHI Index:Obturation:root canal (1 canal)	Term	Revise	- root canal (1 canal)	- root canal (1 canal) (first canal)

## ACHI TABULAR LIST

Page vii

### INTRODUCTION

Specifications for the *Australian Classification of Health Interventions* (ACHI) are:

1. *Australian Classification of Health Interventions* (ACHI) published as the Tabular List of Interventions and the Alphabetic Index of Interventions in tandem with ICD-10-AM and the *Australian Coding Standards*.
2. The procedure classification captures procedures and interventions performed in public and private hospitals, day centres and ambulatory settings. Allied health interventions, dental services and procedures performed outside the operating theatre are included.
3. The procedure classification is based on the Commonwealth Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) (with some exceptions). A two digit extension number has been attached to each MBS item number to represent individual procedural concepts (eg 36564-00). Other ACHI procedures and interventions which are not represented in MBS are allocated a code number from the 90000 series.  
*Note: 97000 codes are reserved for dental services.*

Page 343

### APPENDIX B

#### ACHI CODE LIST

Delete

<del>11706-01</del>	<del>1855</del>
<del>97537-00</del>	<del>466</del>

**0002 ADDITIONAL DIAGNOSES**

P10  
Add

**Specialty standards**

The following standards are examples of where the coder is instructed to code conditions which do not meet the additional diagnoses criteria. Such instructions must be followed.

- 0005 *Syndromes*
- 0046 *Diagnosis selection for same-day endoscopy*
- 0102 *HIV/AIDS*
- 0104 *Viral hepatitis*
- 0401 *Diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose regulation*
- 0503 *Drug, alcohol and tobacco use disorders*
- 0625 *Quadriplegia and paraplegia, nontraumatic*
- 0936 *Pacemakers*
- 1517 *Outcome of delivery*
- 1518 *Duration of pregnancy*
- 1521 *Conditions complicating pregnancy*
- 1548 *Postpartum condition or complication*
- 1549 *Streptococcal group B infection/carrier in pregnancy*
- 2111 *Screening for specific disorders*
- 2112 *Personal history*
- 2113 *Follow-up examinations for specific disorders*

**0102 HIV/AIDS**

P61  
&P63  
Revise

**EXAMPLE 2:**

A patient with AIDS is admitted with a principal diagnosis of Kaposi sarcoma of skin, and additional diagnoses of wasting syndrome and CMV retinitis. Assign and sequence as:

Kaposi sarcoma	C46.0	<i>Kaposi sarcoma of skin</i>
HIV disease	B21	<i>Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease resulting in malignant neoplasms</i>
CMV retinitis	H30.9	<i>Chorioretinal inflammation, unspecified</i>
	B25.98	<del><i>Cytomegaloviral disease, unspecified</i></del> <i>Other cytomegaloviral diseases</i>
Wasting syndrome	R64	<i>Cachexia</i>

**EXAMPLE 7:**

**Diagnosis:** A person with AIDS presents for maintenance therapy IV infusion of ganciclovir for cytomegalovirus retinitis on a same-day basis.

Codes:	CMV retinitis	H30.9 B25.98	<i>Chorioretinal inflammation, unspecified</i> <del><i>Cytomegaloviral disease, unspecified</i></del> <i>Other cytomegaloviral diseases</i>
	AIDS	B20	<i>Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease resulting in infectious and parasitic diseases</i>
	Ganciclovir IV infusion	96199-02 [1920]	<i>Intravenous administration of pharmacological agent, anti-infective agent</i>

**0109 NEUTROPENIA**

P68  
Revise

**Classification**

When septicaemia is recorded,

- the septicaemia code should be sequenced before the neutropenia code.

If septicaemia is not recorded,

- assign code D70 *Agranulocytosis* (neutropenia) and, if applicable, R50.- *Fever of other and unknown origin* (pyrexia) as an additional diagnosis.

An external cause code must be assigned in cases of drug-induced neutropenia.

P108  
Revise

## 0503 DRUG, ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO USE DISORDERS

### EXAMPLE 2:

**Diagnosis:** A patient is diagnosed with alcohol-related acute pancreatitis.

Codes:       K85.2       ~~Alcohol-induced acute pancreatitis~~ ~~Acute pancreatitis~~  
              F10.1       Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of alcohol, harmful use

P168  
Revise

## 1008 CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD)

**Infective exacerbation of COPD** does not require an additional code to reflect the infective description unless the infective condition is a condition in its own right, such as pneumonia (see COPD and pneumonia below). ~~In this case, the pneumonia should be coded as an additional diagnosis.~~ If there is no documented infective disorder, a diagnosis of 'infective exacerbation of COPD' or 'chest infection exacerbating COPD' should be assigned the code J44.0 *Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute lower respiratory infection*.

**Note:** If emphysema and COPD are documented for the episode, assign only a code from category J44.- *Other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease*.

### **COPD with Pneumonia**

Clinically, pneumonia may not always exacerbate COPD. It is often the case that clinical documentation is unclear whether pneumonia exacerbates COPD. From a classification point of view, the presence of COPD with pneumonia is sufficient to assign J44.0 *Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute lower respiratory infection*. This is similar to diabetes mellitus coding where the "with" rule applies and it is not necessary for clinical coders to ascertain a cause and effect relationship between the conditions.

When there is unclear documentation of the principal diagnosis, such as *COAD/Pneumonia* or *pneumonia + COPD* coders should find documentation in the clinical record or seek clinical advice on which condition meets the criteria in ACS 0001 *Principal diagnosis*. If not available, the section on *Two or more interrelated conditions, each potentially meeting the definition for principal diagnosis* of ACS 0001 *Principal diagnosis*, should be applied.

### EXAMPLE 1:

Discharge summary documented PDx as COAD/Pneumonia.

#### **Code:**

Principal diagnosis       J44.0   *Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute lower respiratory infection*  
Additional diagnosis     J18.-   *Pneumonia, organism unspecified*

### EXAMPLE 2:

Discharge summary documented PDx as Pneumonia + COPD exacerbation.

#### **Code:**

Principal diagnosis       J18.-   *Pneumonia, organism unspecified*  
Additional diagnosis     J44.0   *Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute lower respiratory infection*

## 1221 DECUBITUS [PRESSURE] ULCER

### **Classification**

Decubitus [pressure] ulcers are graded according to their severity. Assign one of the codes outlined in the table below based on:

- documentation of Stage ~~One I~~, ~~Two II~~, ~~Three III~~ or ~~Four IV~~ or
- documentation of the severity of the ulcer, eg ulcer with full thickness skin loss.

p180  
&181  
Revise

ICD-10-AM code	Code title	Description
L89.0	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer, Stage <del>One</del> <u>I</u>	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer limited to erythema only.  The ulcer appears as a defined area of persistent redness (erythema) in lightly pigmented skin, whereas in darker skin tones, the ulcer may appear with persistent red, blue or purple hues, without skin loss.
L89.1	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer, Stage <del>Two</del> <u>II</u>	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer with: •abrasion •blister •partial thickness skin loss involving epidermis and/or dermis •skin loss NOS.
L89.2	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer, Stage <del>Three</del> <u>III</u>	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer with full thickness skin loss involving damage or necrosis of subcutaneous tissue extending to underlying fascia.
L89.3	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer, Stage <del>Four</del> <u>IV</u>	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer with necrosis of muscle, bone or supporting structures (ie tendon or joint capsule).
L89.9	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer, unspecified	Decubitus [pressure] ulcer without mention of stage.

If a patient has multiple ulcer sites of differing stages, assign only one code to indicate the highest stage.

**EXAMPLE 1:**

**Diagnosis:** Decubitus ulcer stage two of the sacrum and ulcer with full thickness skin loss of the heels.

Codes: L89.2 *Decubitus [pressure] ulcer, Stage ~~Three~~ III*

1548 SEE PAGE 214

P210  
Revise

1548 SEE PAGE ~~214~~213

**1538 POSTNATAL BREASTFEEDING ATTACHMENT DIFFICULTIES**

P212  
Revise

Condition	Associated terms	ICD-10-AM code
Retracted nipples	Inverted nipple(s) Inversion	O92.01 <i>Retracted nipple associated with childbirth, with mention of attachment difficulty</i>
Cracked nipples	Fissure	O92.11 <i>Cracked nipple associated with childbirth, with mention of attachment difficulty</i>
Other disorders of breast	Blistered Bruised <del>Cracks</del> Grazes	O92.21 <i>Other and unspecified disorders of breast associated with childbirth, with mention of attachment difficulty</i>
Infected nipples		O91.01 <i>Infection of nipple associated with childbirth, with mention of attachment difficulty</i>
Abscesses	Mammary abscess Purulent mastitis Subareolar abscess	O91.11 <i>Abscess of breast associated with childbirth, with mention of attachment difficulty</i>
Previous breast surgery	Breast implant Breast reduction Nipple transposition	O92.21 <i>Other and unspecified disorders of breast associated with childbirth, with mention of attachment difficulty</i>

p213  
Add

1549–1551 SEE PAGES 210-212

p237  
Add

**1904 PROCEDURAL COMPLICATIONS**

When there is an adverse effect on the patient, the misadventure is classified with:

- a diagnosis code from block T80–T88 *Complications of surgical and medical care, not elsewhere classified*,
- an injury code (S00 to T79), when applicable, to further describe the type and/or site of misadventure, and
- a diagnosis code from Chapters 1 to 18 indicating the specific type of adverse effect, **and**
- an external cause code from block Y60–Y69 *Misadventures to patients during surgical and medical care* or block Y70–Y82 *Medical devices associated with misadventures in diagnostic and therapeutic use*. (See following section for correct external cause code assignment.)





## Instructions

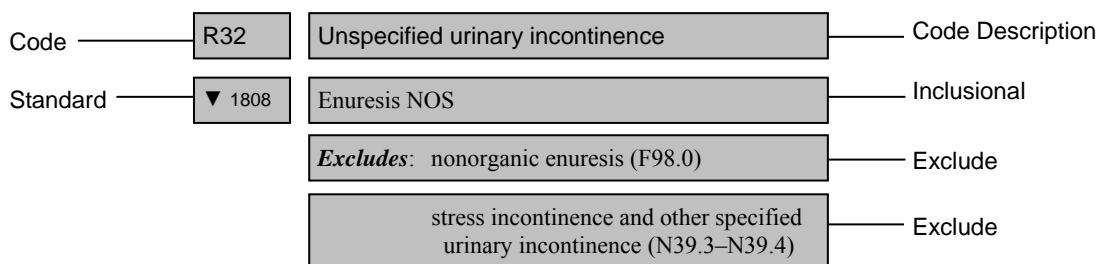
The fifth edition of ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS has been produced by the National Centre for Classification in Health from a database in an effort to improve accuracy and consistency. Consequently, errata for ICD-10-AM Tabular List, ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index, ACHI Tabular List and ACHI Alphabetic Index are produced from the same database. This has resulted in the format shown below. Each row represents an item/change to be made and contains the following information necessary to complete the errata item.

**Tabular/Index Entry** The Tabular Entry (Book:block:code) or Index Entry (Book:main term:subterm) to which the errata item applies. For example:

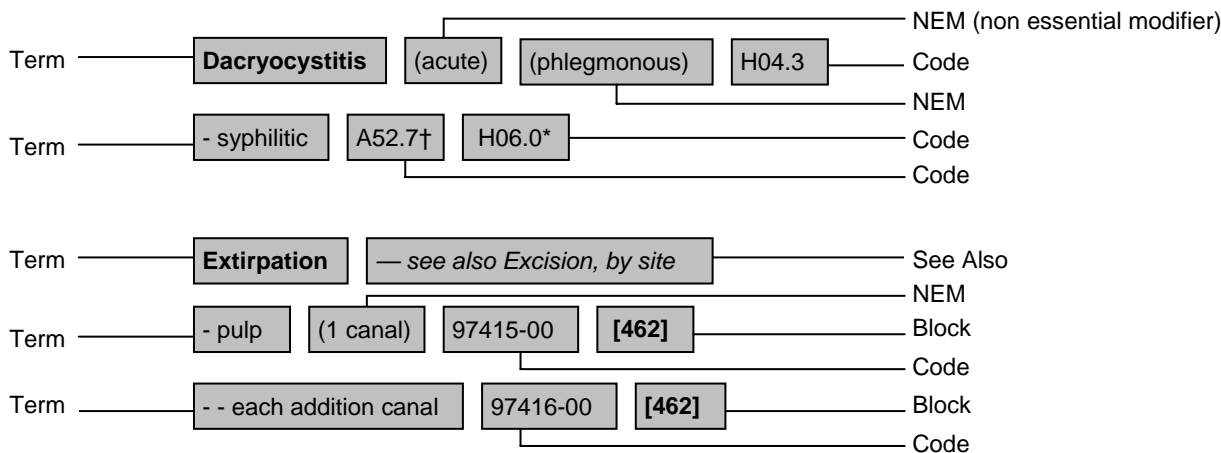
ICD-10-AM Tab List:R02	ICD-10-AM Tabular List, Code R02
ACHI Tab List:1886:34533-00	ACHI Tabular List, Block 1886, Code 34533-00
ACHI Index:Revision:device:urinary sphincter (artificial)	ACHI Alphabetic Index, Revision - device - - urinary sphincter (artificial)

**Note Type** The part of the Tabular or Index Entry to which the errata item applies. To use this errata, it is important to think of a Tabular Entry and an Index Entry as being composed of separate elements as shown in the examples below.

### Tabular Entry



### Index Entry



**Instruction** Type of change to be made. For example:

Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Index:Gangrene, gangrenous:with diabetes:and peripheral angiopathy	Term	Add		- - - and foot ulcer
Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ACHI Index:Revision:device:port, implantable vascular access	Term	Delete*	- - port, implantable vascular access	

indicates a term to be added at:  
**Gangrene**  
 - with diabetes  
 - - and peripheral angiopathy  
 - - - and foot ulcer

indicates a term to be deleted at:  
**Revision**  
 - device  
 - - port, implantable vascular access

\*A 'Delete' instruction followed by an asterisk (\*) indicates that there are subterms to be deleted as a result of this deletion. In the example given above, subterms and notes to be consequently deleted are:

- - - for infusion of agents via catheter  
 - - - central venous (CVC) 34530-00 [766]  
 - - - spinal 39126-00 [56]  
 - - - venous 34530-00 [766]

It should be assumed that if a Tabular 'Code' or an Index 'Term' is deleted, all its accompanying notes ('Code Description', 'Include', 'Exclude', 'NEM', 'Code', 'Block', 'See Also', etc) need to be deleted.

**Existing Value** The text of the entry before the errata change. For an 'Add' instruction, this field will be blank.

**New Value** The text of the entry after the errata change. For a 'Delete' instruction, this field will be blank.



Code or term to which the change applies

Part of the code/term to which the change applies

Type of change to be made

Text before making the change

Text after making the change

Tabular/Index Entry	Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Tab List:D63.0*	Inclusional	Revise	Conditions in Chapter 2 (C00–D48)	Conditions in Chapter 2 (C00–D48 <sub>+</sub> )
ICD-10-AM Tab List:J04	Excludes	Revise	laryngismus (stridulus) (J38.5)	laryngismus (stridulo <sub>s</sub> ) (J38.5)
ICD-10-AM Tab List:J38.5	Inclusional	Revise	Laryngismus (stridulus)	Laryngismus (stridulo <sub>s</sub> )
ICD-10-AM Tab List:R06.1	Excludes	Revise	laryngismus (stridulus) (J38.5)	laryngismus (stridulo <sub>s</sub> ) (J38.5)
ICD-10-AM Index:Coxalgia, coxalgic:tuberculous	Code	Revise	A18.0+ M01.-	A18.0+ M01.1-*
ICD-10-AM Index:Labour:premature or preterm:with delivery	Non Essential	Add	Labour; premature or preterm; with delivery O60.1	Labour; premature or preterm; with delivery ( <u>preterm</u> ) O60.1
ICD-10-AM Index:Laryngismus	Non Essential	Revise	stridulus	stridulo <sub>s</sub>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT: Accident (to):Table of land transport accidents: Victim and mode of transport: pedestrian on: foot: Pedestrian on foot	Code	Revise	W51.-	W51
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Crushed:by, in:door	Non Essential	Delete	- door ( <del>building</del> ) (revolving) W23.0	- door (revolving) W23.0
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Place of occurrence of external cause:water:ice, natural:stream	Code	Revise	Y92.8 <sub>2</sub>	Y92.8 <sub>1</sub>

**AUSTRALIAN CODING STANDARDS**

**1354 SLAP LESION**

P188  
Revise

**Classification**

Where documentation is incomplete, clinical advice should be sought to determine if the lesion resulted from an acute injury (traumatic) or a degenerate tear (non-traumatic). The classification of these lesions is shown in the table below:

<u>SLAP lesion</u>	<u>SLAP lesion-Traumatic</u>	<u>TraumaticNon-traumatic</u>
Type 1 & 3	S43.4 <i>Sprain and strain of shoulder joint</i> and assign appropriate external cause, place of occurrence and activity codes	M24.11 <i>Other articular cartilage disorders, shoulder region</i>
Type 2 & 4	S43.4 <i>Sprain and strain of shoulder joint</i> S46.1 <i>Injury of muscle and tendon of long head of biceps</i> and assign appropriate external cause, place of occurrence and activity codes	M75.8 <i>Other shoulder lesions</i>

**1923 CONTACT WITH VENOMOUS CREATURES**

P257  
Revise

**1923 CONTACT WITH VENOMOUS/NONVENOMOUS CREATURES**

**EXAMPLE 3:**

Cystoscopy for diathermy of trigonitis. At cystoscopy the distal urethra was accidentally lacerated. The laceration was sutured during the cystoscopy. The patient suffered no adverse reaction from the misadventure during the remainder of the episode of care.

Codes: N30.3 *Trigonitis*  
T81.2 *Accidental puncture and laceration during a procedure, not elsewhere classified*  
S37.30 *Injury of urethra, part unspecified*  
Y60.04 *Unintentional cut, puncture, perforation or haemorrhage during surgical and medical care, during ~~surgical operation~~ endoscopic examination*  
Y92.22 *Place of occurrence, health service area*





## Instructions

The fifth edition of ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS has been produced by the National Centre for Classification in Health from a database in an effort to improve accuracy and consistency. Consequently, errata for ICD-10-AM Tabular List, ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index, ACHI Tabular List and ACHI Alphabetic Index are produced from the same database. This has resulted in the change of format shown below. Each row represents an item/change to be made and contains the following information necessary to complete the errata item.

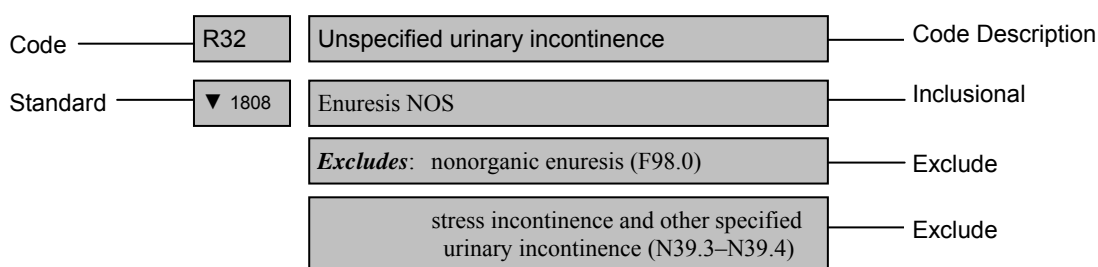
**Tabular/Index Entry** The Tabular Entry (Book:block:code) or Index Entry (Book:main term:subterm) to which the errata item applies. For example:

ICD-10-AM Tab List:R02	ICD-10-AM Tabular List, Code R02
ACHI Tab List:1886:34533-00	ACHI Tabular List, Block 1886, Code 34533-00
ACHI Index:Revision:device:urinary sphincter (artificial)	ACHI Alphabetic Index, Revision - device - - urinary sphincter (artificial)

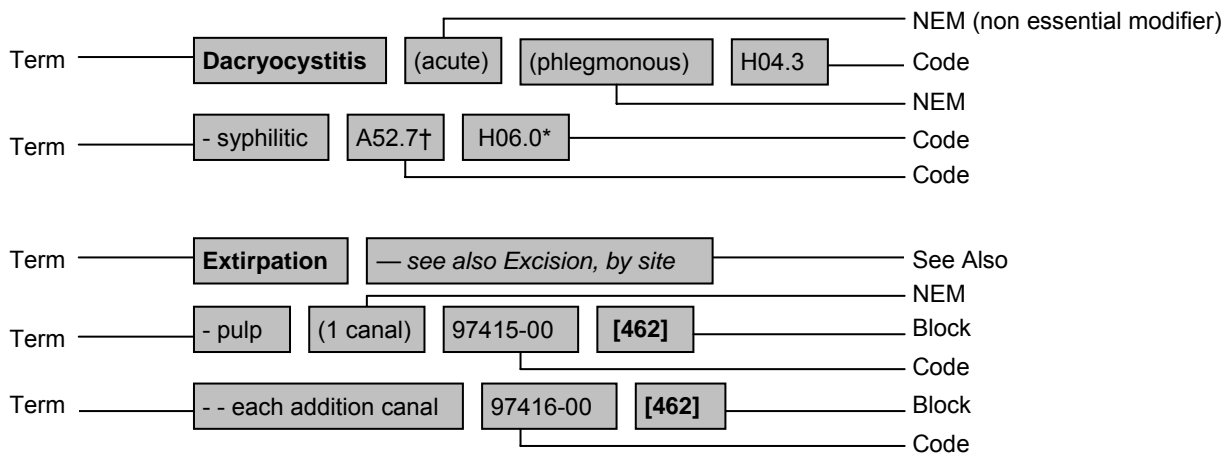
## Note Type

The part of the Tabular or Index Entry to which the errata item applies. To use this errata, it is important to think of a Tabular Entry and an Index Entry as being composed of separate elements as shown in the examples below.

### Tabular Entry



### Index Entry



## Instruction

Type of change to be made. For example:

Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Index:Gangrene, gangrenous:with diabetes:and peripheral angiopathy	Term	Add		- - - and foot ulcer
Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ACHI Index:Revision:device:port, implantable vascular access	Term	Delete*	- - port, implantable vascular access	

indicates a term to be added at:  
**Gangrene**  
- with diabetes  
- - and peripheral angiopathy  
- - - and foot ulcer

indicates a term to be deleted at:  
**Revision**  
- device  
- - port, implantable vascular access

\*A 'Delete' instruction followed by an asterisk (\*) indicates that there are subterms to be deleted as a result of this deletion. In the example given above, subterms and notes to be consequently deleted are:

- - - for infusion of agents via catheter  
- - - central venous (CVC) 34530-00 [766]  
- - - spinal 39126-00 [56]  
- - - venous 34530-00 [766]

It should be assumed that if a Tabular 'Code' or an Index 'Term' is deleted, all its accompanying notes ('Code Description', 'Include', 'Exclude', 'NEM', 'Code', 'Block', 'See Also', etc) need to be deleted.

## Existing Value

The text of the entry before the errata change. Generally, for an 'Add' instruction, this field will be blank.

## New Value

The text of the entry after the errata change. Generally, for a 'Delete' instruction, this field will be blank.



Code or term to which the change applies

Part of the code/term to which the change applies

Type of change to be made

Text before making the change

Text after making the change

Code or term to which the change applies	Part of the code/term to which the change applies	Type of change to be made	Text before making the change	Text after making the change	
Tabular/Index Entry		Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Tab List:F48.0		Excludes	Revise	burn-out (Z73.0)	burnout (Z73.0)
ICD-10-AM Tab List:F68.1		Inclusional	Revise	Münchhausen's syndrome	Münch <u>h</u> ausen's syndrome
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Q18.2		Inclusional	Revise	Brachial cleft malformation NOS	Branchial cleft malformation NOS
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Q18.2		Code	Revise	Other brachial cleft malformations	Other branchial cleft malformations
ICD-10-AM Tab List:S06		Use Additional	Revise	For subcategories S06.1–S06.9 use an additional code (S06.02–S06.05) for any associated loss of consciousness.	For subcategories S06.1–S06.9 use an additional code (S06.0 <u>1</u> –S06.05) for any associated loss of consciousness.
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Z49		Standard No	Delete	1404	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Z49.1		Standard No	Add		1404
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Z49.2		Standard No	Add		1404
ICD-10-AM Index:Adenomatosis:islet cell		Code	Revise	D13.6	D13.7
ICD-10-AM Index:Burn-out		Term	Revise	Burn-out	Burnout
ICD-10-AM Index:Counselling:for non-attending third party		Term	Revise	Counselling; for non-attending third party	Counselling; for nonattending third party
ICD-10-AM Index:Hyperplasia, hyperplastic:adrenal:with:virilism, adrenal:congenital		Code	Add		E25.0
ICD-10-AM Index:Injury:blood vessel:carotid artery		Code	Add		S15.00
ICD-10-AM Index:Lordosis:specified		Code	Revise	M40.5-	M40.4-
ICD-10-AM Index:Low:birthweight		Term	Revise	Low; birthweight	Low; birth weight
ICD-10-AM Index:Neoplasm, neoplastic:sphincter:anal		Code	Revise	D21.9	D <u>1</u> 2.9
ICD-10-AM Index:Pendulous:abdomen		Code	Delete	O34.8	
ICD-10-AM Index:Pregnancy:complicated by:abnormal, abnormality:glucose tolerance		Code	Revise	O99.8	O24.-
ICD-10-AM Index:Saber, sabre tibia		Code	Revise	M90.2-*	M90.26*
ICD-10-AM Index:State:burn-out		Term	Revise	State; burn-out	State; burnout
ICD-10-AM Index:Syndrome:mitochondrial:encephalopathy lactic acidosis stoke-like episode		Term	Revise	Syndrome; mitochondrial; encephalopathy lactic acidosis stoke-like episode	Syndrome; mitochondrial; encephalopathy lactic acidosis stroke-like episode
ICD-10-AM Index:Transposition:vessels, great		Non Essential	Delete	(complete) (partial) Q20.3	(complete) Q20.3
ICD-10-AM Index:Tuberculosis, tubercular, tuberculous:caries		Code	Revise	M90.08*	M90.0-*
ICD-10-AM Index:Tumour:islet cell:benign		Code	Revise	D13.6	D13. <u>7</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT>Contact:with:wasp(s):mud		Code	Revise	X23.32	X23. <u>23</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Sport:running:triathlon		Code	Revise	U67.40	U67.4 <u>1</u>
ACHI Tab List:1268:35653-01		Excludes	Revise	Excludes	Excludes
ACHI Index:Angiography:by:digital subtraction technique:head and neck:≥ 10 data acquisition runs:with arch aortography		Code	Revise	60006-01	6000 <u>9</u> -01
ACHI Index:Insertion:pacemaker:cardiac:permanent (combined pacemaker defibrillator device) — <i>continued</i>		Term	Delete	Permanent (combined pacemaker defibrillator device) — <i>continued</i>	

## APPENDIX A MORPHOLOGY OF NEOPLASMS

The third edition of the International Classification of Diseases for Oncology (ICD-O) was published in 2000. It contains a coded nomenclature for the morphology of neoplasms, which is reproduced here for those who wish to use it in conjunction with Chapter 2.

The morphology code numbers consist of five digits; the first four identify the histological type of the neoplasm and the fifth, following a slash or solidus, indicates its behaviour. The one-digit behaviour code is as follows:

- /0 Benign**
- /1 Uncertain whether benign or malignant**
  - Borderline malignancy <sup>+</sup>
  - Low malignant potential <sup>+</sup>
  - Uncertain malignant potential

<sup>+</sup>Except cystadenomas of ovary in M844–M849, which are considered to be malignant.

### ICD-10-AM ALPHABETIC INDEX

Page 6 - Insert headings for the table listed under the term 'Abortion' and delete numbers 1, 2 & 3 in the explanatory note.

	Complication of Abortion, current episode (O03–O06)		Complication of pregnancy with abortive outcome, subsequent episode (O08)
	complete or unspecified	incomplete	

**Note:** The following fourth-character list is provided to be used with categories O03–O06 and O08. A distinction is made between an episode of care at which a disease or injury and resulting complications or manifestations are treated together—'current episode'— and an episode of care for complications or manifestations of diseases or injuries treated previously—'subsequent episode'.

Abortion (complete) (incomplete)	.8	.3	.9
- complicated (by) .....	.8	.3	.9
-- afibrinogenaemia .....	.6	.1	.1
-- cardiac arrest .....	.8	.3	.8
-- chemical damage			
--- bladder .....	.8	.3	.6
--- bowel .....	.8	.3	.6
--- broad ligament .....	.8	.3	.6
--- cervix .....	.8	.3	.6
--- periurethral tissue .....	.8	.3	.6
--- uterus .....	.8	.3	.6

### AUSTRALIAN CODING STANDARDS

Revise term 'Münchhausen's' to 'Münchhausen's'.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

### ABBREVIATIONS

### INTRODUCTION

## SPECIALTY STANDARDS

- 5. Mental and behavioural disorders**
- 0520 Family history of mental illness
- 0521 Admitted patient without sign of mental illness
- 0525 Substance rehabilitation and detoxification
- 0526 ~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's by proxy
- 0528 Alzheimer's disease
- 0530 Drug overdose

P114  
Revise

## 0526 ~~MÜNCHHAUSEN'S MÜNCHHAUSEN'S~~ BY PROXY

### Definition

~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's syndrome refers to repeated fabrication of illness, usually acute, dramatic and convincing. ~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's by proxy is a bizarre variant of the syndrome where a child may be used as a surrogate patient. The parent falsifies history and may injure the child with drugs, add blood or bacterial contaminants to urine specimens etc (Berkow, R (Ed.) (1999), *The Merck Manual of Diagnosis and Therapy* (seventeenth ed), Merck Research Laboratories, West Point.)

### Classification

Assignment of the code for ~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's syndrome (F68.1 *Intentional production or feigning of symptoms or disabilities, either physical or psychological [factitious disorder]*) would be inappropriate in the case of ~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's by proxy as it is the patient's **parent**, not the patient, who has this condition. The correct coding is:

T74.1 *Maltreatment syndromes, physical abuse*  
Y07.01 *Other maltreatment syndromes, by parent*

An appropriate place of occurrence code (Y92.-) and activity code (U73.-).

## STANDARDS INDEX

### D

#### Definition (of)

- metastatic 0239
- misadventure 1904
- ~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's 0526
- newborn/neonate 1607
- other and unspecified codes 0013

### M

#### ~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's syndrome 0526

- by proxy 0526

#### Music therapy 0032

### S

#### Syndrome 0005

- mitochondrial encephalopathy lactic acid stroke-like episode 0627
- ~~Münchhausen's~~ Münchhausen's 0526
- myoclonus epilepsy ragged red fibre 0627





## Instructions

The fifth edition of ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS has been produced by the National Centre for Classification in Health from a database in an effort to improve accuracy and consistency. Consequently, errata for ICD-10-AM Tabular List, ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index, ACHI Tabular List and ACHI Alphabetic Index are produced from the same database. This has resulted in the change of format shown below. Each row represents an item/change to be made and contains the following information necessary to complete the errata item.

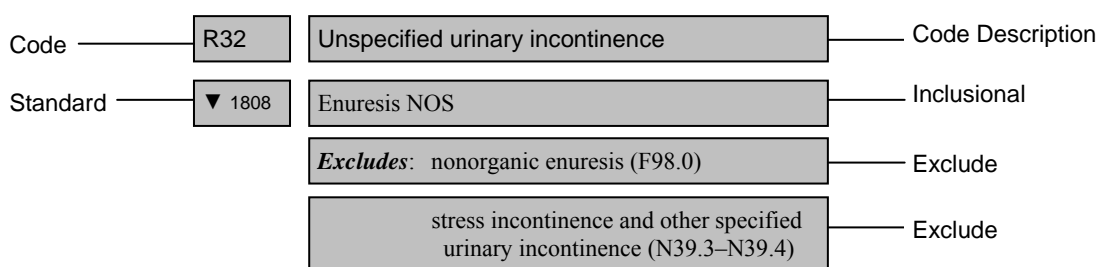
**Tabular/Index Entry** The Tabular Entry (Book:block:code) or Index Entry (Book:main term:subterm) to which the errata item applies. For example:

ICD-10-AM Tab List:R02	ICD-10-AM Tabular List, Code R02
ACHI Tab List:1886:34533-00	ACHI Tabular List, Block 1886, Code 34533-00
ACHI Index:Revision:device:urinary sphincter (artificial)	ACHI Alphabetic Index, Revision - device - - urinary sphincter (artificial)

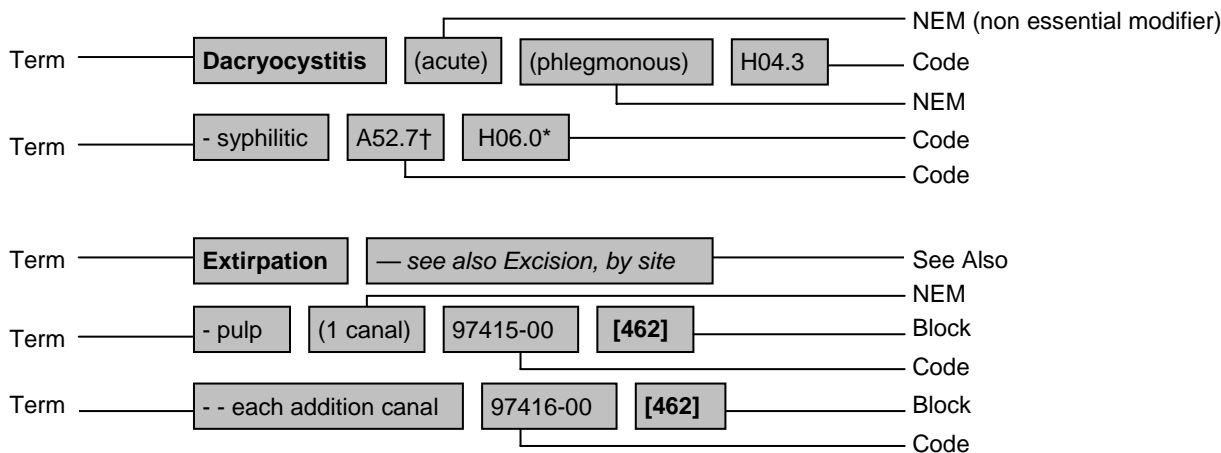
## Note Type

The part of the Tabular or Index Entry to which the errata item applies. To use this errata, it is important to think of a Tabular Entry and an Index Entry as being composed of separate elements as shown in the examples below.

### Tabular Entry



### Index Entry



## Instruction

Type of change to be made. For example:

Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Index:Gangrene, gangrenous:with diabetes:and peripheral angiopathy	Term	Add		- - - and foot ulcer
Tabular/Index Entry	Note Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ACHI Index:Revision:device:port, implantable vascular access	Term	Delete*	- - port, implantable vascular access	

indicates a term to be added at:  
**Gangrene**  
 - with diabetes  
 - - and peripheral angiopathy  
 - - - and foot ulcer

indicates a term to be deleted at:  
**Revision**  
 - device  
 - - port, implantable vascular access

\*A 'Delete' instruction followed by an asterisk (\*) indicates that there are subterms to be deleted as a result of this deletion. In the example given above, subterms and notes to be consequently deleted are:

- - - for infusion of agents via catheter  
 - - - central venous (CVC) 34530-00 [766]  
 - - - spinal 39126-00 [56]  
 - - - venous 34530-00 [766]

It should be assumed that if a Tabular 'Code' or an Index 'Term' is deleted, all its accompanying notes ('Code Description', 'Include', 'Exclude', 'NEM', 'Code', 'Block', 'See Also', etc) need to be deleted.

## Existing Value

The text of the entry before the errata change. Generally, for an 'Add' instruction, this field will be blank.

## New Value

The text of the entry after the errata change. Generally, for a 'Delete' instruction, this field will be blank.



Code or term to which the change applies

Part of the code/term to which the change applies

Type of change to be made

Text before making the change

Text after making the change

Code or term to which the change applies	Part of the code/term to which the change applies	Type of change to be made	Text before making the change	Text after making the change	
Tabular/Index Entry		Type	Instruction	Existing Value	New Value
ICD-10-AM Tab List:C41.0		Inclusional	Delete	Orbital bone	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:C41.0		Inclusional	Delete	Maxilla (superior)	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:D68.8		Inclusional	Revise	Factor V Leiden [APC resistance]	Factor V Leiden [APC resistance]
ICD-10-AM Tab List:K85		Inclusional	Delete	Pancreatitis:• NOS	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:K85.9		Inclusional	Add		Acute pancreatitis NOS
ICD-10-AM Tab List:M93.8		Code	Add		M93.8 Other specified osteochondropathies
ICD-10-AM Tab List:O48		Inclusional	Revise	Postdates	Post-dates
ICD-10-AM Tab List:O48		Inclusional	Revise	Postterm	Post-term
ICD-10-AM Tab List:R29.6		Excludes	Delete	accidents NOS (X59)	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:R29.6		Excludes	Delete	falls causing injury (W00-W19)	
ICD-10-AM Tab List:T02.2		Excludes	Revise	when combined with fractures of: • lower limb(s) (T02.7)	when combined with fractures of: • lower limb(s) (T02.6)
ICD-10-AM Tab List:T31.9		Code	Add	T31.9 Burns involving 90% or more of body surface	T31.9 Burns involving [0-9] 90% or more of body surface
ICD-10-AM Tab List:(X85-Y09)		Code Subdivision	Revise	This subdivision is used to describe the relationship of the victim of assault to the perpetrator.	This subdivision is used to describe the relationship of the <u>perpetrator to the victim</u> .
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Y04		Excludes	Revise	assault by:• submersion (X92.0-)	assault by:• submersion (X92.-)
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Y04		Excludes	Revise	assault by:• use of weapon (X93-X95, X99.0-, Y00.0-)	assault by:• use of weapon (X93-X95, X99.-, Y00.0-)
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Z52.6		Code	Delete	⊗Z52.6	Z52.6
ICD-10-AM Tab List:Z75.1		Standard No	Add		2105
ICD-10-AM Index:Alveolitis:allergic:due to:organisms (fungal, thermophilic actinomycetes, other) growing in ventilation (air conditioning) systems		Code	Add		J67.7
ICD-10-AM Index:Anomaly, anomalous:reduction:lower limb		Code	Revise	Q71.9	Q72.9
ICD-10-AM Index:Atresia, atretic:cervix:affecting:labour or delivery		Code	Revise	O66.5	O65.5
ICD-10-AM Index:Carcinoma:odontogenic		Code	Revise	C41.0-	C41.1
ICD-10-AM Index:Carcinoma:odontogenic		Term	Add	Carcinoma; odontogenic;	Carcinoma; odontogenic; <u>upper jaw</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Carcinoma:odontogenic:upper jaw		Non Essential	Add	Carcinoma; odontogenic; upper jaw	Carcinoma; odontogenic; upper jaw ( <u>bone</u> )
ICD-10-AM Index:Carcinoma:odontogenic:upper jaw (bone)		Code	Add		C41.02
ICD-10-AM Index:Cataract:with diabetes		Non Essential	Revise	early onset age related	early onset age-related
ICD-10-AM Index:Disease, diseased:Recklinghausen's:bone		Code	Revise	Q85.0	E21.0
ICD-10-AM Index:Disease, diseased:Von Recklinghausen's:bone		Code	Revise	Q85.0	E21.0
ICD-10-AM Index:Human:immunodeficiency virus		Term	Revise	Human; immunodeficiency	Human;

(HIV) disease:resulting in:Kaposi's sarcoma			virus (HIV) disease; resulting in; Kaposi's sarcoma	<u>immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease; resulting in; Kaposi sarcoma</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Human:immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease:resulting in:sarcoma:Kaposi's	Term	Revise	Human; immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease; resulting in; sarcoma; Kaposi's	<u>Human;</u> immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease; resulting in; sarcoma; Kaposi
ICD-10-AM Index:Inflammation, inflamed, inflammatory:due to device, implant or graft:catheter:infusion:spinal	Code	Revise	T85.78	T85. <u>81</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Inflammation, inflamed, inflammatory:due to device, implant or graft:electronic:nervous system	Code	Revise	T85.78	T85. <u>81</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Inflammation, inflamed, inflammatory:due to device, implant or graft:ventricular intracranial shunt	Code	Revise	T85.78	T85. <u>81</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Injury:superficial:phalanges:toe:specified type	Code	Revise	S60.88	S <u>90.88</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Laceration:bladder	Code	Revise	S37.20	S37. <u>28</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Laceration:bowel	See Also	Revise	— see also Injury, bowel	— see also Injury, <u>intestine</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Maternal condition, affecting fetus or newborn:tumour, vagina	Term	Delete	Maternal condition, affecting fetus or newborn; tumour, vagina O34.6	
ICD-10-AM Index:Myxofibroma:odontogenic:upper jaw	Code	Revise	D16.41	D16. <u>42</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Neoplasm, neoplastic:vomer	Code	Revise	D16.41	D16. <u>42</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Neoplasm, neoplastic:vomer	Code	Revise	C41.01	C41. <u>02</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Pancreatitis	Code	Add		K85. <u>9</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Postdates	Term	Revise	Postdates	Post- <u>dates</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Sepsis:due to:device, implant or graft:ventricular intracranial shunt	Code	Revise	T85.78	T85. <u>81</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Stenosis:due to presence of device, implant or graft:catheter	Code	Revise	T83.8	T85. <u>88</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Stenosis:due to presence of device, implant or graft:catheter:infusion:spinal	Code	Revise	T85.8-	T85. <u>81</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:Tumour:vagina:affecting:fetus or newborn:before onset of delivery	Term	Revise	Tumour; vagina; affecting; fetus or newborn; before onset of delivery	Tumour; vagina; affecting; fetus or newborn; before onset of <u>labour</u>
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Accident:transport:land	See	Add		— see Table of Land Transport Accidents
ICD-10-AM Index:EXT:Assault:weapon:cutting or piercing	Code	Revise	X99.-	X99. <u>9-</u>
ACHI Index:Bypass:arterial:with (using):vein:aorto-renal:bilateral	Code	Revise	32721-00	3272 <u>4</u> -00
ACHI Index:Bypass:arterial:with (using):vein:aorto-renal:unilateral	Code	Revise	32724-00	3272 <u>1</u> -00

## ACHI TABULAR LIST

Page 338

### APPENDIX A

#### MAPPING TABLE: FOR MBS ITEMS NOT INCLUDED IN ACHI AND NEW ITEMS

Amend

38237	38218
<del>38237</del> -38240	38218

P207  
Revise

1527 POST-TERM DELIVERY

1527 POST-TERM DELIVERY

A delivery is regarded as 'post-term' at or after 42 weeks gestation. Assign code O48 *Prolonged pregnancy*.

- **This condition should be coded when documented by an obstetrician/clinician/midwife.**
- **If the criteria for the specific obstetric diagnosis is met but the relevant diagnosis is not documented, consult the clinician before assigning a code.**

**EXAMPLE 1:**

Patient delivered an infant at 41 weeks gestation. Documented in the clinical record by the obstetrician as being ~~postdates~~ post-dates. Assign code for ~~postdates~~ post-dates.